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Clinic Reminders

Flu shots are here and we encourage all our patients to get the flu shot to protect yourself, your family, and your community.

The Toronto Western Family Health Team has a limited capacity to offer flu shots directly. We will do our best to offer as many vaccines as we can. Given our limited capacity, if you can safely and conveniently get your flu shot elsewhere – we encourage you to do so.

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Toronto Western
Family Health Team

arrison Creel

TW Family Health Team

Fall 2023 Health Education

FREE workshops & easy online registration

Nov

8

530 pm

Are you having trouble sleeping, such as falling or staying asleep? This virtual series is for patients and caregivers who want to learn how to improve their sleep without medications.

Sleep Therapy Fundamentals: Part II

Presented by Jadie (Pharmacist) & Laurel (Social Worker), click here to register

Nov

812 pm

Managing Your Child's Cold & Flu Symptoms

Do you have a young child? Are you prepared for this cold and flu season? Join this virtual session to learn homecare measures and understand when to seek medical care.

Presented by Adrienne (Nurse), <u>click here to register</u>

Nov

Preventing Falls: Staying Strong & Steady

22

Have you had a fall or are you afraid of falling? Are you curious to learn what you can do to prevent a fall? Join us for this in-person workshop at our Bathurst Site.

1:30 pm

Presented by Jenn (Occupational Therapist) & Julie (Physiotherapist), click here to register

Nov

30

12 pm

Stress Less

Are you feeling stressed? Do you want to learn how to cope and manage your stress? Join us for our virtual Stress Less workshop.

Presented by Sae (Nurse Practitioner) and Olivia (Registered Nurse), <u>click here to register</u>

Dec

6 12 pm

Learning About Mental Health Care Services in Ontario

Are you struggling with your mental health or living with someone who has mental health problems? Do you want to learn where to find help? Join this vitrual session and learn how to access mental health care services.

Presented by Lina (Social Worker), click here to register



Flu Shots

Flu shots are available NOW. We encourage you to get your flu shot.

The flu shot is recommended for everyone 6 months of age and older. The flu shot is:

- safe (including for <u>kids</u> and if you are <u>pregnant</u> or breastfeeding)
- free
- proven to reduce the number of doctor visits, hospitalizations & deaths related to the flu
- different each year because the virus changes frequently – so you need to get it every fall (Ontario Ministry of Health)

Where can I get my Flu Shot?

- **1. Toronto Public Health (TPH)** is operating flu clinics around the city. To book your appointment with TPH <u>click here.</u>
- **2. Pharmacies** are offering regular and high dose flu shots for anyone over 2 years old. If your child is under 2, please book an appointment at our clinic.
- **3.** The **TW FHT** is currently offering regular and high dose flu shots to TW FHT patients over the age of 6 months. <u>Click here</u> for more information about available flu shot clinics.

Why should I get a Flu Shot?

The flu shot is your best defence against the flu. The flu shot helps to protect you if you get exposed to the influenza virus.

The flu shot helps to:

- prevent you from getting very sick from flu-related complications
- protect people close to you because,
 when vaccinated, you're less likely to
 spread the virus to others
- reduce the overall burden on the health care system during respiratory virus season

Resources

<u>Flu (influenza): Government of Canada</u> Flu Shots – Frequently Asked Questions



COVID shots are also available at <u>Toronto</u>

<u>Public Health clinics</u> and at many

<u>pharmacies</u> across the GTA.



Tips to Avoid Getting Sick This Fall/ Winter

In addition to getting your flu shot, there are other measures you can take to reduce the risk of illness:

Wash your hands often

- Wash your hands with soap and water for at least 15 seconds
- If soap and water are not available, use hand sanitizer with at least 70% alcohol
- <u>Click here</u> to learn how to wash your hands effectively

Cover your mouth and nose when you cough or sneeze

- Sneeze or cough into a tissue and throw the tissue out right away!
- When you do not have a tissue, cough or sneeze into your upper sleeve

Don't touch your face

- Droplets from viruses enter your body through your eyes, nose or mouth
- Especially when you are out in public, don't touch your face until you wash your hands

Clean surfaces and shared items

- Viruses can live up to 2 days on surfaces, such as door handles, phones, or light switches
- Try to clean these surfaces often

Stay home if you are sick or starting to feel sick

To stop the spread of viruses

What if I get sick with a virus?

Remember that viruses can often be treated at home, and without antibiotics. <u>Click here</u> to review how you can manage different viruses at home and know when to seek medical attention.

If you have small children and want to prepare for the cold and flu season, join our Managing Your Child's Cold and Flu Symptoms online workshop on Wednesday, November 8th from 12-1 pm. Click here for more information and online registration.



Understanding Viruses & How to Manage Them

Virus	Common Symptoms	Level of Infectivity	How to Manage Your Symptoms at Home	When to See a Doctor
Common Cold	Stuffy nose Sore throat Sneezing Cough Low-grade Fever		Rest and reduce activities Take pain medications: acetaminophen	Viral symptoms should be managed at home
Flu (influenza)	Body aches Chills Cough Fatigue Fever Headache Sore throat Stuffy nose		(Tylenol) or ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin) for fever or body aches Cover your coughs and sneezes with a tissue and wash your hands often Stay away from	(gasping for air, shortness of breath, wheezing or trouble taking a breath in) Severe or worsening cough Dehydration from vomiting
COVID-19	Body aches Chills Fever Fatigue Cough Diarrhea Nausea/ Vomiting Shortness of breath Loss of smell/taste Headache Stuffy nose Sore throat	More contagious	others to keep from infecting them Wear a mask when around others	or diarrhea A fever that lasts more than 72 hours You have underlying heath problems (like heart or lung disease) or take immunosuppressants
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	Runny nose Sneezing Cough Fever Wheezing		Keep your child comfortable Offer plenty of fluids Give ibuprofen or acetaminophen for fever *DO NOT give over the counter cough and cold medicines for children under 6 years old	Take your child to the emergency if: - your baby is under 3 months and has a fever - your child has trouble breathing - your child has lips that look blue - your child is no longer able to suck or drink Take your child to see a doctor if your child: - has had a fever for more than 72 hours - is not eating or is vomiting - is not having wet diapers

Menopause

What is menopause?

Menopause is a life transition that all women experience as they age. A woman has entered menopause when they have had no menstrual period for *one full year*. Symptoms of menopause often start many years prior to this. This time is called **perimenopause** (meaning around menopause). Emotional and physical symptoms of perimenopause typically start in a woman's late 40's or early 50s but can start even earlier.

Menopause has traditionally been a health topic that was ignored by the medical community and greater society but there is now greater societal interest in women understanding their health and being in control of their quality of life.

What symptoms can I expect with menopause?

No two women experience menopause in the same way. Some may have difficulties, while others may be symptom-free. Generally, fluctuating hormone levels may lead to the following symptoms:

- Irregular periods
- Night sweats
- Hot flashes
- Fatigue
- Aches and pains in the joints
- Change in sexual desire
- Changes to skin texture and appearance
- Bladder control difficulty
- Vaginal fluid changes (dryness)
- Disruption of sleep patterns (difficulty falling asleep or staying asleep)
- Mood swings
- Memory Losses

Treatment Options

We encourage you to book an appointment with your primary care provider if you have questions about menopause and want to learn about treatment options.

Additional Online Resources

Menopause and U

The North American Menopause Society



The best way to manage menopause is to learn the facts, risks and benefits of available treatments for symptoms during this transition period. Talk to your primary care provider about which treatment options are best for you.

LIFESTYLE MODIFICATIONS TO ASSIST WITH SYMPTOMS

Taking care of yourself and refocusing on your overall health is more important than ever.

Healthy Lifestyle

A healthy lifestyle helps counter some of the health issues that arise with perimenopause and menopause.

Healthy Diet

As much as possible, choose a healthy diet, try to establish an active lifestyle, manage weight and stress, and limit your consumption of alcohol, cigarettes and caffeine.

HORMONE THERAPY













Hormone therapy (HT) is often the single most effective treatment for disruptive menopausal symptoms.

There has been much written about HT. Current research confirms that hormone therapy is a safe and effective way to treat moderate to severe symptoms of menopause, such as hot flashes, night sweats, mood

swings, insomnia, difficulty concentrating, and vaginal dryness.

Careful analysis of the research indicates that the benefits of HT outweigh the risks for healthy women who start HT within the first ten years of menopause onset.

IF HORMONE THERAPY IS NOT AN OPTION

For some women, hormone therapy is not an option. Other prescription medications can be effective treatments for hot flashes. Talk with your health care provider to find out which method is best for you.

Visit MenopauseandU.ca to learn more







This pamphlet is made possible through the support of Pfizer Canada Inc.

The opinions expressed in this material are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of Pfizer Canada Inc.



National Addictions Awareness Week

National Addictions Awareness Week (NAAW) is November 19 to 25. This week's goal is to spark conversation about problematic substance use:

"To increase awareness of causes and prevention of harms, options for support, and solutions for change."

When is substance use a problem?

People use substances for different reasons, including:

- medical purposes
- religious or ceremonial purposes
- personal enjoyment
- to cope with stress, trauma or pain

Use is different for everyone and can be viewed on a spectrum with varying stages of benefits and harms. Substance use is considered problematic when use becomes compulsive and continuous despite negative impacts to a person, their family and others.

Why do people keep using?

Substance use can be hard to change for many reasons, including:

- Immediate effects of substance use tend to be positive in that people may feel good, have more confidence and forget about problems
- Problems from use might not be obvious for some time.

- People may come to rely on the effects of substances to bring short-term relief from difficult or painful feelings. Use can become a habit, which can be hard to break.
- If people develop physical dependence and then stop using, they may experience distressing symptoms of withdrawal.
- Continued substance use, especially heavy use, can cause changes in the body and brain. These changes may be lasting and may be why people slip back into substance use long after they have stopped using.
- Stigma makes it hard to reach out for help.
 Help end stigma by learning more <u>here.</u>

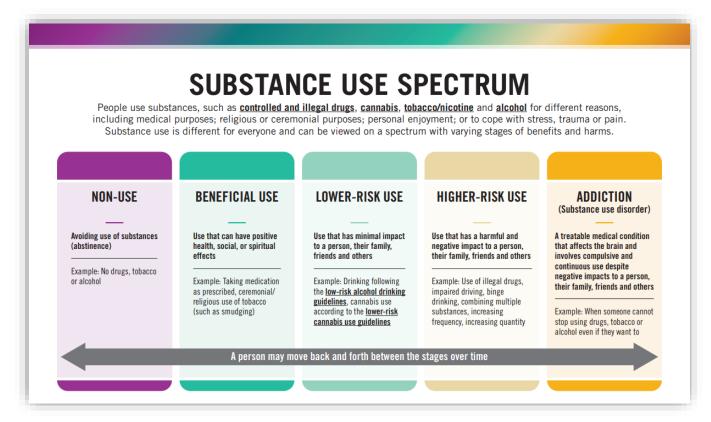
Want to learn more about addiction?

Addiction: An information guide (camh.ca)

Substance Use - Canada.ca

National Addictions Awareness Week (ccsa.ca)





How can I get help?

We encourage you to book an appointment with your primary care provider if you need help with an addiction. If you feel that substance use is causing problems in your life and that you are unable to control your use you should see a trained counsellor for an assessment. Treatment options can include self-help, peer support, counselling, harm reduction strategies, medications and withdrawal management.

Learn more about the substance use spectrum <u>here</u>.

To get help:

- Book an appointment with your primary care provider to discuss concerns about your substance use.
- <u>CAMH</u> can help individuals with problematic substance use as well as their families. Call Access CAMH at 416-535-8501, option 2 to get started.
- Wellness Together Canada offers immediate, free and confidential mental health and substance use help 24/7.
 Call 1-866-585-0445 or TEXT:
 - o Adults text WELLNESS to 741741,
 - o Youth text WELLNESS to 686868
 - Frontline workers text FRONTLINE to 741741

For a comprehensive list of Canada-wide options, <u>click here</u>.



Patient Health Needs Survey

Join us in shaping the future of our health promotion initiative!

We value your input as a member of the TW FHT community. We are inviting you to take a survey as part of a project to learn more about your health needs. Your feedback will help us create educational sessions or workshops that focus on health topics that matter most to you. Different health professionals (e.g., nurses, pharmacists, social workers, physicians) will run these workshops at our clinic.

To participate, please <u>click here</u>. This will give you access to the electronic consent form and the survey. It will only take about 5-7 minutes, and your answers are confidential and anonymous.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact us at navaldeep.kaur@uhn.ca.

Thank you for your time and contribution!





A **free** online session for patients, families, staff and community members



Trans Experience in Health Care

Topics

- Increase awareness about barriers trans people face when accessing health care
- How to support trans family, friends, colleagues and patients
- Tips on how to advocate, assist and ally with trans people

Presenters

- Patient Guest Speaker Kylie Feistmantl, Twitch streamer
- Dr. Ian Armstrong Family Doctor, Maple Leaf Medical Clinic
- Dr. Tessa Ringer Emergency Department Doctor, Toronto General Hospital

How to participate

Submit your questions by Friday, November 10th at:

slido.com/UHNHealthTalk

Date and time

This virtual presentation will be released on YouTube on:

Monday November 20th, 2023



Watch this recording and past events at:

<u>bit.ly/UHNHealthTalksPlaylist</u> or scan the QR code using your smartphone camera or a QR code scanner app

For more information, email pfep@uhn.ca or call 416 603 6290





Contact Us

Phone: 416 603 5888

Website: twfht.ca

Location

Garrison Creek Site: 928 St. Clair Avenue West



Do you have feedback about our newsletter?

Do you want to learn more about other health education topics?

If so, <u>click here</u> to give us your feedback

